



Instructions for DR-15 Sales and Use Tax Returns

DR-15N
R. 07/21
Rule 12AER21-22, F.A.C.
Effective 07/21
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Rounding to Replace Bracket System in Calculating Sales and Use Taxes
Effective July 1, 2021, the "Bracket System" for calculating sales tax and discretionary sales surtax is replaced by a rounding algorithm in Florida. For more information, see Tax Information Publication (TIP) 21A01-02.

Lawful deductions (Line 6) cannot be more than tax due (Line 5).

DOR credit memos and estimated tax (Line 8) cannot be more than net tax due (Line 7).

Be sure to use the correct tax return for each reporting period.

Certificate Number: Florida		Sales and Use Tax Return		HD/PM Date: / /	DR-15
		1. Gross Sales	2. Exempt Sales	3. Taxable Amount	4. Tax Due
A. Sales/Services/Electricity		.	.	.	.
B. Taxable Purchases		.	.	.	.
		Include use tax on Internet / out-of-state untaxed purchases →		.	.
C. Commercial Rentals		.	.	.	.
D. Transient Rentals		.	.	.	.
E. Food & Beverage Vending		.	.	.	.
Surtax Rate: _____		Reporting Period _____		5. Total Amount of Tax Due	.
				6. Less Lawful Deductions	.
				7. Net Tax Due	.
				8. Less Est Tax Pd / DOR Cr Memo	.
				9. Plus Est Tax Due Current Month	.
				10. Amount Due	.
				11. Less Collection Allowance	E-file/E-pay Only
				12. Plus Penalty	.
				13. Plus Interest	.
				14. Amount Due with Return	.

FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
5050 W TENNESSEE ST
TALLAHASSEE FL 32399-0120

Due: _____
Late After: _____

File and pay electronically and on time to receive a collection allowance.

Be sure to complete Lines 15(a) through 15(d).

Under penalties of perjury, I declare that I have read this return and the facts stated in it are true.

Signature of Taxpayer _____ Date _____ Signature of Preparer _____ Date _____
 (_____) Telephone Number _____ (_____) Telephone Number _____

Discretionary Sales Surtax - Lines 15(a) through 15(d)

15(a). Exempt Amount of Items Over \$5,000 (included in Column 3)	15(a).	_____
15(b). Other Taxable Amounts NOT Subject to Surtax (included in Column 3)	15(b).	_____
15(c). Amounts Subject to Surtax at a Rate Different Than Your County Surtax Rate (included in Column 3)	15(c).	_____
15(d). Total Amount of Discretionary Sales Surtax Due (included in Column 4)	15(d).	_____
16. Hope Scholarship Credits (included in Line 6)	16.	_____
17. Taxable Sales/Untaxed Purchases or Uses of Electricity (included in Line A)	17.	_____
18. Taxable Sales/Untaxed Purchases of Dyed Diesel Fuel (included in Line A)	18.	_____
19. Taxable Sales from Amusement Machines (included in Line A)	19.	_____
20. Rural or Urban High Crime Area Job Tax Credits	20.	_____
21. Other Authorized Credits	21.	_____

Due Dates, Electronic Filing and Payment, and Other Filing Information

Due Dates: Tax returns and payments are due on the 1st and late after the 20th day of the month following each reporting period. If the 20th falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or a state or federal holiday, your tax return must be received electronically, postmarked, or hand delivered on the first business day following the 20th.

Due Dates for Electronic Payments: To avoid penalty and interest, you must **initiate your electronic payment and receive a confirmation number no later than 5:00 p.m. ET on the business day prior to the 20th**. Keep the confirmation number in your records. For a list of deadlines for initiating electronic payments on time, visit floridarevenue.com/forms, select the eServices section, and then select the current year *Florida eServices Calendar of Electronic Payment Deadlines* (Form DR-659).

Due Date Reminders: If you file your paper returns monthly or quarterly, you can sign up to receive an email every reporting period, reminding you of the due date. Visit floridarevenue.com/dor/subscribe. Electronic filers will receive due date reminders without using the subscription service.

No Tax Due? Telefile at 800-550-6713 - You must file a tax return for each reporting period, even if no tax is due. You can telefile using the toll-free number to conveniently file your returns when no tax is due and you are not claiming deductions or credits. When you telefile your return instead of mailing it, you will receive a confirmation number for your records. If you telefile, remember:

- to have your certificate number handy - it's printed on your returns; and
- do not mail your return to the Department - keep it with your confirmation number.

Electronic Filing and Payment: You can file returns and pay sales and use tax using the Department's website or you may purchase software from a software vendor. You may voluntarily file returns and pay tax electronically; however, taxpayers who paid **\$20,000 or more** in sales and use tax during the most recent state fiscal year (July 1 through June 30) **are required** to file returns and pay tax electronically during the next calendar year (January through December).

Enroll to file and pay electronically: Visit floridarevenue.com/taxes/eEnroll. After you complete your electronic enrollment, additional information about electronic filing will be sent to you.

Vendor software: You may purchase software from a software vendor to file and pay sales and use tax electronically. While you may use purchased software to file your sales and use tax electronically, you may not use software to create paper (alternative or substitute) returns to file with the Department. If you use vendor software to prepare a "tax calculation worksheet," do not file the worksheet with the Department as a tax return. To ensure proper credit to your account, be sure to transfer information from the worksheet to your personalized return.

Amended replacement returns: If you discover that your original return was incorrect, you must complete an amended

return and submit it electronically or by mail. **Your amended return will replace any return you previously filed for the same reporting period.** It is important that you complete the amended return as it should have been originally filed rather than entering only additional or corrected information.

The quickest way to file an amended return is online. Visit floridarevenue.com to submit your amended return electronically and pay any additional tax due or report an overpayment.

If you choose to file an amended return by mail, you will need a blank return from the Department. To download a blank return, visit floridarevenue.com/forms, select the Sales and Use Tax section, and then select the return that you need. **Write your certificate number, reporting period, business name, and address on the return.**

- Write "**Amended replacement**" on the return you use (see example below).
- Enter the correct information on the return.

Sales and Use Tax Return		HD/PM Date:	DR-15
1. Gross Sales	2. Exempt Sales	/ /	4. Tax Due
A. Sales/Services/Excise	-		-
B. Taxable Purchases	-		-
C. Commercial Rentals	-		-
D. Transient Rentals	-		-
E. Food & Beverage Vending	-		-
Tax Rate: Reporting Period		5. Total Amount of Tax Due	-
		6. Less Lawful Deductions	-
		7. Net Tax Due	-
		8. Less Est Tax Pd / DOR Or Memo	-
		9. Plus Est Tax Due Current Month	-
		10. Amount Due	-
		11. Less Collection Allowance	-
		12. Plus Penalty	-
		13. Plus Interest	-
		14. Amount Due with Return	-

Your amended return may result in an overpayment or an additional amount due. **If you overpaid the amount due with your original return or you owe an additional amount, the amount reported on Line 14 of the amended return will not match any overpayment or any additional amount due.** You must pay any additional amount due with the amended return. If you have overpaid, a credit for the amount overpaid will be issued.

Checks or Money Orders (NO Cash): Tax payments must be in U.S. funds only. Make checks or money orders payable to the Florida Department of Revenue. **Write your certificate number on your check or money order.** Mail your check or money order with your return.

Keep records that support all transactions for at least three years from the date you file your return or the date it is required to be filed, whichever is later.

Mailing Your Returns and Payments: If you received window-style envelopes from the Department, be sure to place your return in the envelope so the Department's mailing address can be seen in the window of the envelope. **If you use a return without your business information printed on it, write your business name, address, certificate number, and reporting period in the spaces provided.** If you do not have a window-style return envelope, mail your return and payment to:

Florida Department of Revenue
5050 W Tennessee St
Tallahassee FL 32399-0120

Account Changes

If you change your business name, mailing address, location address within the same county, or close or sell your business, immediately notify the Department. You can also notify the Department when you temporarily suspend or resume your business operations. The quickest way to notify the Department is by visiting floridarevenue.com/taxes/updateaccount.

To notify us in writing, mail a letter to:
Account Management - MS 1-5730
Florida Department of Revenue
5050 W Tennessee St
Tallahassee, FL 32399-0160

Be sure to include your business partner number and your certificate number in any written correspondence sent to the Department.

If you cancel your account or sell your business, you must file a final return and pay all applicable taxes due within 15 days after closing or selling the business. Your final return must cover the period from your most recent return filing to the closing date.

Submit a new registration (online or paper) if you:

- move your business location from one Florida county to another;
- add another location;
- purchase or acquire an existing business; or
- change the form of ownership of your business.

Florida Annual Resale Certificate

Registered sales and use tax dealers are provided a Florida Annual Resale Certificate to make tax-exempt purchases or rentals of property or services for resale. You may provide a paper or electronic copy of your current Florida Annual Resale Certificate or the certificate number to any seller when making purchases or rentals of property or services that you intend to resell or re-rent as part of your business. If you purchase or rent property or services that will be used in your business, your Florida Annual Resale Certificate should **not** be used.

As a dealer, you have an obligation to collect the applicable amount of sales and use tax and discretionary sales surtax when you resell or re-rent the property or service at retail. If you need help determining what you may buy or rent tax exempt for resale, the *Florida Annual Resale Certificate for Sales Tax* brochure (Form GT-800060) is available on the Department's website.

Sellers who make tax-exempt sales or rentals for purposes of resale or re-rental must document the exemption using any one of these methods:

- Obtain a paper or electronic copy of your customer's current Florida Annual Resale Certificate.
- For each tax-exempt sale, use your customer's Florida sales tax certificate number to obtain a transaction authorization number.
- For each tax-exempt customer, use your customer's Florida sales tax certificate number to obtain a vendor authorization number.

Sellers may verify a Florida Annual Resale Certificate number and obtain an authorization number:

- Online: Visit floridarevenue.com/taxes/certificates
- Phone: **877-357-3725**
- Mobile app: Available for iPhone, iPad, and Android devices

Proper Collection of Tax

Collecting the right amount of tax is important because mistakes will cost you money. Florida's general state sales tax rate is 6%. Additionally, most counties also have a local option discretionary sales surtax. Surtax rates are published in the Discretionary Sales Surtax Information form (DR-15DSS) each year and available online at floridarevenue.com/forms under the Discretionary Sales Surtax section.

[State Sales and Use Tax Rate] + [Surtax Rate] = [Total Tax Rate]

Dealers must calculate the total tax due on each sale. The tax must be shown separately on each invoice and may be calculated on either the combined taxable amount or the individual taxable amounts on an invoice.

Dealers must calculate the total tax due by multiplying the taxable sale by the total tax rate to determine the amount of tax due.

[Sale Amount] x [Total Tax Rate] = [Tax Due on Sale]

The tax computation must be carried to the third decimal place and rounded up to the next whole cent when the third decimal place is greater than 4.

Example: A customer purchases one taxable item and takes delivery in a county that does not impose a discretionary sales surtax. The dealer's taxable selling price for the item is \$50.45. To calculate the tax due, multiply the taxable selling price by the tax rate of 6% and carry to the third decimal place.

$$\$50.45 \times 6\% \text{ (or } .06) = \$3.027$$

Since the third decimal place is greater than 4, the tax due must be rounded up to the next whole cent. The total tax due on the sale is \$3.03.

Line-by-Line Instructions

Line A. Sales/Services/Electricity

Line A is used to report the total of all wholesale and retail sales transactions and certain untaxed purchases or uses as follows:

- Sales, leases, or licenses to use certain property or goods (tangible personal property).
- Sales and rentals, admissions, amusement machine receipts, and vending machine receipts (except food and beverage sales reported on Line E). The amount of taxable sales from amusement machines are also separately reported on Line 19.
- Sales of services including nonresidential interior pest control, nonresidential interior janitorial and cleaning services, residential and nonresidential burglar and other protection services, and detective services.
- Sales and untaxed purchases or uses of electricity taxed at the rate of 6.95% (2.6% imposed under Chapter 203, Florida Statutes (F.S.), and 4.35% imposed under Chapter 212, F.S.), plus surtax. You must also report this amount on Line 17.
- Sales and untaxed purchases of dyed diesel fuel used in vessels or off-road equipment taxed at the rate of 6% sales tax, plus surtax. You must also report this amount on Line 18.

NOTE: Registered Florida motor vehicle dealers may use the method described in *Tax Information for Motor Vehicle Dealers* (Form GT-400400) to report tax on sales of motor vehicles to out-of-state residents.

Line-by-Line Instructions continued

Column 1. Gross Sales - Enter the total amount of gross sales. Do **not** include:

- tax collected;
- fuel sales reported on a Florida fuel tax return; or
- lottery ticket sales.

Column 2. Exempt Sales - Enter the total amount of tax-exempt sales included in Line A, Column 1. Enter "0" if none. Some examples of tax-exempt sales are sales for resale, sales of items specifically exempt, and sales to organizations that hold a *Florida Consumer's Certificate of Exemption*.

Column 3. Taxable Amount - Subtract total exempt sales from gross sales and enter the taxable amount. You must also report the total amount of sales that are subject to sales tax but are exempt from discretionary sales surtax, on Line 15(a) or Line 15(b). You must report on Line 15(c), the total amount of sales for which you collected discretionary sales surtax at a rate different than the rate of the county in which you are located.

In addition to reporting the Taxable Amount on the front of your return, remember to complete the back of the return for the following:

- Taxable sales and untaxed purchases or uses of electricity on Line 17.
- Taxable sales and untaxed purchases of dyed diesel fuel used in vessels or off-road equipment on Line 18.
- Taxable sales from amusement machines on Line 19.

Column 4. Tax Due - Enter the total amount of tax due, including discretionary sales surtax due. You must also report the total amount of discretionary sales surtax due on Line 15(d).

Amusement and Vending Machine Sales

You must be registered in each county where you operate vending or amusement machines. For each county in which you operate machines, you must report the gross sales and the tax due from amusement machines and from vending machines dispensing items other than food and beverages. Use the gross receipts from each type of machine that you operate and the tax rate divisor for the county where the machine is located to compute the amount of gross sales and tax due.

Total machine receipts ÷ Tax Rate Divisor = Gross Sales.

Total machine receipts - Gross Sales = Tax Due, including discretionary sales surtax.

Gross Sales x Surtax Rate = Discretionary Sales Surtax due.

- If you operate vending machines containing food or beverage items, complete Line E.
- If you operate amusement machines, include receipts in Line A and also complete Line 19.

Sales/Surtax Rate	Amusement Divisor	Other Vended Items Divisor
6.0%	1.040	1.0659
6.5%	1.045	1.0707
7.0%	1.050	1.0749
7.5%	1.055	1.0791
8.0%	1.060	1.0833
8.5%	1.065	1.0875

Example: The total receipts from an amusement machine(s) in a county with a combined sales and surtax rate of 6.5% total \$100.00. Total receipts divided by the amusement machine divisor for the 6.5% rate equals gross sales. Total receipts minus gross sales equals tax due, including discretionary sales surtax due. Gross sales multiplied by the surtax rate equals discretionary sales surtax due.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \$100 \div 1.045 &= \$95.69 \text{ (gross sales)} \\
 \$100 - \$95.69 &= \$4.31 \text{ (tax due, including surtax due)} \\
 \$95.69 \times .005 &= \$0.48 \text{ [surtax portion to be reported on Line 15(d)]}
 \end{aligned}$$

Line B. Taxable Purchases - Use Tax

You owe "use tax" on taxable purchases of goods or services you have used or consumed that were:

- **Internet and out-of-state purchases not taxed by the seller and NOT purchased for resale.**
- Out-of-state or local purchases not taxed by a supplier and **NOT** purchased for resale whether ordered online, from a catalog, or by telephone.
- Taxable items, originally purchased untaxed for resale, which you, your business, or employees used or consumed.

Include use tax and discretionary sales surtax on the return for the reporting period during which you purchased, used, or consumed the item(s).

Column 1. Gross Sales - Not Applicable

Column 2. Exempt Sales - Not Applicable

Column 3. Taxable Amount - Enter the total amount of purchases used or consumed that were not taxed by suppliers and were not for resale. **If you report purchases exempt from discretionary sales surtax, also complete Line 15(a) or Line 15(b).**

Column 4. Tax Due - Enter the total amount of use tax due, including discretionary sales surtax due.

- **You must also report all discretionary sales surtax due on Line 15(d).**
- **If you paid sales tax to another state at a rate less than 6%,** enter the total amount of Florida use tax, plus any applicable discretionary sales surtax on Line B, Column 4, and claim a credit for the tax paid to the other state on Line 6. When claiming a credit for sales tax paid to another state, make sure it is legally imposed. When in doubt, contact the tax agency in the state where the tax was paid.

**Line C. Commercial Rentals
(5.5% Plus County Surtax Rate)**

Commercial rentals include the renting, leasing, letting, or granting a license to use or occupy real property. Sales tax at the rate of 5.5%, plus discretionary sales surtax, is due on the total consideration charged for commercial property. The consideration charged may include charges for property taxes (whether paid to the landlord or directly to the county tax collector's office), or common area maintenance. Rentals, leases, and licenses to use or occupy real property by related persons are also

Line-by-Line Instructions continued

considered commercial rentals (e.g., a corporate owner leases property to his or her corporation). **The \$5,000 limitation for discretionary sales surtax does not apply to commercial rentals.**

Column 1. Gross Sales - Enter the total amount of consideration for commercial rentals. Do not include tax collected in the amount reported.

Column 2. Exempt Sales - Enter the total amount of consideration for tax-exempt commercial rentals included in Line C, Column 1. Enter "0" if none. See section 212.031, F.S., and Rule 12A-1.070, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), for exemptions specifically available to commercial rentals.

Column 3. Taxable Amount - Subtract the amount reported in Column 2 from the amount reported in Column 1 and enter the difference (the taxable amount).

Column 4. Tax Due - Enter the total amount of tax due, including discretionary sales surtax due. You must also report all discretionary sales surtax due on Line 15(d).

Line C(a). Less Sales Tax Scholarship Credits E-file/E-pay Only

Report the amount of any state tax credit authorized by the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program for Commercial Rental Property and taken by your tenant(s) against the total sales tax and surtax due on commercial rentals. The amount of sales tax credit reported may not exceed the state sales tax due and reported in the amount on Line C, Column 4 (Commercial Rentals Tax Due). This credit is not available for any discretionary sales surtax due on commercial rentals. For more information on the Florida Tax Credit Scholarship Program for Commercial Rental Property, visit floridarevenue.com/taxes/sfo.

Line D. Transient Rentals

Transient rentals are leases or rentals of living, sleeping, or housekeeping accommodations, such as hotels, motels, single-family dwellings, multi-unit dwellings, apartments, rooming houses, condominiums, timeshare resorts, vacation houses, beach houses, mobile homes, or any other living, sleeping, or housekeeping accommodations. Transient rental taxes must be collected and paid on all rental charges, including any rental charges that are required to be paid by the guest as a condition of the use of the accommodation, unless the rental charge is specifically exempt. See Rule 12A-1.061, F.A.C., for more information on what constitutes a "rental charge" and which rental charges are specifically exempt.

Some counties impose one or more local option taxes on transient rentals. Many counties self-administer these local option taxes. Contact your county taxing agency to determine whether your county imposes one of these taxes and if you are required to report and pay the taxes directly to your county taxing agency or to the Department of Revenue.

Form DR-15TDT, available on the Department's website, provides a listing of county local option transient rental rates and whether the local option tax is collected by the county or by the Department of Revenue.

Column 1. Gross Sales - Enter the total gross amounts (rental charges) charged for transient rentals only. Do not include tax collected in gross sales.

Column 2. Exempt Sales - Enter the total amount of tax-exempt transient rentals included in Line D, Column 1. Enter "0" if none.

Column 3. Taxable Amount - Subtract total exempt transient rentals (Column 2) from total gross transient rentals (Column 1) and enter the difference (the taxable amount).

Column 4. Tax Due - Enter the total amount of tax due, including any discretionary sales surtax due and any local option tax (for example, tourist development tax) administered by the Department of Revenue. **You must also report all discretionary sales surtax due on Line 15(d). The \$5,000 limitation for discretionary sales surtax does not apply to transient rentals.**

Line E. Food & Beverage Vending

If you operate food and beverage vending machines, compute your gross sales by dividing the total receipts from the machine(s) by the appropriate food and beverage divisor for the county where the machine(s) is located.

Column 1. Gross Sales - Enter the total amount of gross sales computed from food and beverage vending machines receipts. Do not include tax collected in gross sales.

Column 2. Exempt Sales - Enter the total amount of tax-exempt sales included in Line E, Column 1. Enter "0" if none.

Column 3. Taxable Amount - Subtract total exempt sales from total gross sales and enter the taxable amount.

Column 4. Tax Due - Enter the total amount of tax due, including discretionary sales surtax due. You must also report all discretionary sales surtax due on Line 15(d).

Sales/Surtax Rate	Food and Beverage Divisor
6.0%	1.0645
6.5%	1.0686
7.0%	1.0726
7.5%	1.0767
8.0%	1.0808
8.5%	1.0849

Example: The total receipts from a soft drink machine in a county with a combined sales and surtax rate of 6.5% total \$100. Total receipts divided by the food and beverage divisor for the 6.5% rate equals gross sales. Total receipts minus gross sales equals tax due, including discretionary sales surtax due. Gross sales multiplied by the surtax rate equals discretionary sales surtax due.

$\$100 \div 1.0686 = \93.58 (gross sales)

$\$100 - \$93.58 = \$6.42$ (tax due, including surtax due)

$\$93.58 \times .005 = \0.47 [surtax portion to be reported on Line 15(d)]

Line 5. Total Amount of Tax Due

Add the amounts in Column 4, Lines A, B, C, D, and E. Subtract the amount on Line C(a), Column 4, from the total and enter the result on Line 5.

Line 6. Less Lawful Deductions

Enter the total amount of all allowable tax deductions, except sales tax credit memos issued by the Department (reported on Line 8). Lawful deductions include tax refunded by you to your customers for returned goods or allowances for damaged merchandise, tax paid by you on purchases of goods intended for use or consumption but sold by you instead, Hope Scholarship Credits, and any other deductions allowed by law.

- If you are claiming any approved Hope Scholarship Credits, report the amount of the credits on Line 6 and on Line 16.
- Do not include documentation with your return.

You will not receive a credit if the amount of lawful deductions (Line 6) is greater than the total amount of tax due (Line 5) on your return. If the amount of your lawful deductions is more than the total amount of tax due, reduce the amount of lawful deductions claimed to equal the total amount of tax due. You may report the remaining amount of lawful deductions (not to exceed the total amount of tax due) on your next return.

Line 7. Net Tax Due

Subtract Line 6 from Line 5 and enter the amount on Line 7.

Lines 8 - 9. Estimated Tax

If you paid \$200,000 or more in state sales and use tax on returns you filed during the most recent state fiscal year (July 1 through June 30), you must make an estimated sales tax payment every month, starting with the December return, due January 1. Before you file your FINAL return or if you have questions about estimated tax, call Taxpayer Services.

Line 8. Less Estimated Tax Paid/Department of Revenue (DOR) Credit Memo

Enter the total amount of estimated tax you paid last month, the amount of any sales tax credit memo(s) issued by the Department, and the amount of any specifically authorized tax credits for which you have received a letter of approval from the Department. Follow the instructions sent to you by the Department.

You will not receive a credit if the amount of credit (Line 8) is greater than the net amount of tax due (Line 7). If the amount of your credit is greater than the net amount of tax due, reduce the amount of credits claimed to equal the net amount of tax due. You may report the remaining amount of credit (not to exceed the net amount of tax due) on your next return. When you file your FINAL return, complete an *Application for Refund – Sales and Use Tax* (Form DR-26S) to obtain a refund of the credit balance.

Line 9. Plus Estimated Tax Due Current Month

Enter the total amount of estimated tax due, if applicable, using one of the following three computation methods. You are **NOT** required to use only one method and may choose to use any one of these methods throughout the year.

Three Methods for Computing Estimated Tax

The percentage for calculating estimated tax is 60%. Your estimated tax liability is based only on Florida sales and use tax due (Form DR-15, Line 7, Net Tax Due minus any local option discretionary sales surtax and any local option transient rental tax). Compute your estimated tax liability by one of the following methods:

Method 1 – Average Tax Liability

Calculate 60% of your average state sales tax due for the

months you reported taxable transactions during the calendar year.

Example: When completing your December return (due January 1 of the following year), calculate your average state sales tax due during the calendar year. To calculate your average state sales tax due, complete the following steps:

Step 1. Review all of your sales tax returns filed for the calendar year.

Step 2. Add together the amounts on Line 7 from each return. Subtract any local option discretionary sales surtax and any local option transient rental tax included in Line 7.

Step 3. To calculate the monthly average state sales tax due, divide the total calculated in Step 2 by the number of returns that were filed with tax due on Line 7.

Step 4. Multiply your monthly average state sales tax due by 60%.

Step 5. Enter the result from Step 4 on Line 9 of each return the following year, beginning with your December return due January 1.

The amount calculated in Step 4 can be used on each of your returns for the following year through the November reporting period.

Method 2 – Current Month/Previous Year

Calculate 60% of your state sales tax due for the same month of the previous calendar year.

Example: When completing your December return, multiply the amount on Line 7 of your January return for the same calendar year (minus any local option discretionary sales surtax and any local option transient rental tax) by 60%. Enter that amount on Line 9.

Method 3 – Current Month

Calculate 60% of the state sales tax due for the next month's return.

Example: When completing your December return, your estimated tax due is 60% of what you will report (minus any local option discretionary sales surtax and any local option transient rental tax) on your January return. Enter that amount on Line 9.

Penalty for Underpayment of Estimated Tax – If you fail to report and pay the minimum amount of estimated tax due each reporting period, you are subject to a loss of collection allowance and a 10% penalty on any underpayment of estimated tax due, and must pay interest on the amount underpaid.

You cannot amend your return to increase your estimated tax payment after the due date of the return.

Line 10. Amount Due

Subtract the amount on Line 8 from Line 7. Add the amount on Line 9. Enter the result on Line 10. **The amount entered on Line 10 cannot be negative.**

**Line 11. Less Collection Allowance
E-file/E-pay Only**

When you file and pay electronically and on time, you are entitled to deduct a collection allowance of 2.5% (.025) of the first \$1,200 of the Amount Due (Line 10), **not to exceed \$30.**

You are **not** entitled to a collection allowance if you file your return or make your payment by a method other than electronic means. More information on filing and paying electronically is available at floridarevenue.com/taxes/education.

If you are entitled to a collection allowance, you may choose to donate the allowance to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund. This fund is used to purchase up-to-date technology for classrooms in local school districts in Florida. If you are eligible and choose to donate your collection allowance to education, check the “donate to education” box and leave Line 11 blank. The Department will calculate the collection allowance and transfer that amount to the Educational Enhancement Trust Fund. You must make this choice on **each** original and timely filed electronic return. You cannot make this choice after your electronic return is filed.

Line 12. Plus Penalty

For late returns and payments, the penalty is either:

- A minimum of \$50 if 10% of Line 10 is less than \$50, or
- 10% of the amount due on Line 10.

If your return or payment is late, the minimum penalty is \$50 **even if you file a late return with no tax due.**

Line 13. Plus Interest

If your payment is late, you owe interest on the Amount Due (Line 10). Florida law provides a floating rate of interest for late payments of taxes and fees due, including discretionary sales surtax. Interest rates, including daily rates, are published in Tax Information Publications that are updated semiannually on January 1 and July 1 each year and available at floridarevenue.com/taxes/rates.

Line 14. Amount Due with Return

You may receive a collection allowance when you file and pay electronically and on time. Subtract Line 11 from Line 10 and enter the amount due on Line 14. If you choose to donate your collection allowance to education, check the “donate to education” box and leave Line 11 blank.

All dealers: If your return or payment is **late**, add Lines 12 and 13 to Line 10 and enter the amount due on Line 14. Line 14 is the amount you owe.

**Lines 15(a) - 15(d).
Discretionary Sales Surtax**

If you sell, rent, deliver, or receive taxable merchandise or services in or at a location within a county imposing a

discretionary sales surtax, you are required to collect surtax at the rate imposed in the county where the merchandise or service is delivered. The discretionary sales surtax also applies to the rental of real property and transient rentals and is collected at the county rate where the property is located.

Most counties impose a local option discretionary sales surtax that must be collected on taxable transactions. You must collect discretionary sales surtax along with the 6% state sales tax and send both taxes to the Department. Current discretionary sales surtax rates for all counties are listed on Form DR-15DSS, *Discretionary Sales Surtax Information*, available on the Department’s website.

If your business location is in Florida, the discretionary sales surtax rate printed on your tax returns is the rate in effect for the county where your business is located. If your business is located outside of Florida, no discretionary sales surtax rate is printed on your returns. However, all dealers must collect discretionary sales surtax on taxable sales when the transaction occurs in, or delivery is into, a county that imposes a surtax. Use the chart below to help you determine when and at what rate to collect discretionary sales surtax.

For motor vehicle and mobile home sales, use the surtax rate of the county identified as the residence address of the purchaser on the registration or title document for the motor vehicle or mobile home. The surtax applies to the first \$5,000 of the sales amount on any item of tangible personal property. **The \$5,000 limitation does not apply to rentals of real property, transient rentals, or services.**

Include discretionary sales surtax with tax reported on Lines A through E in Column 4 of your DR-15 return. Do not send discretionary sales surtax collections to the county tax collector’s office.

Use the Department’s Address/Jurisdiction database to determine which county an address is located in. Visit floridarevenue.com/taxes/pointmatch.

Line 15(a). Exempt Amount of Items Over \$5,000

Enter the amount in excess of \$5,000 on each single sale of taxable tangible personal property (reported on Line A) and the amount in excess of \$5,000 for each single purchase for which sales tax and discretionary sales surtax is due (reported on Line B). **Example:** If you sold a single item for \$7,000, include \$2,000

When and at What Rate to Collect Discretionary Sales Surtax (Local Option County Tax) on Taxable Sales

If a selling dealer located in any Florida county	with a discretionary surtax	sells and delivers	into the county where the selling dealer is located	surtax is collected at the county rate where the delivery is made
	with or without a discretionary surtax		into counties with different discretionary surtax rates	surtax is collected at the county rate where the delivery is made
	with or without a discretionary surtax		into counties without a discretionary surtax	surtax is not collected
If an out-of-state selling dealer		sells and delivers	into a Florida county with a discretionary surtax	surtax is collected at the county rate where the delivery is made
			into a Florida county without a discretionary surtax	surtax is not collected

(the amount over \$5,000) on Line 15(a). Do **NOT** include exempt sales reported in Column 2.

Line 15(b). Other Taxable Amounts NOT Subject to Surtax

Enter the amount of taxable sales and purchases included in Line A, Column 3, that are not subject to discretionary sales surtax. This includes services and tangible personal property delivered into a non-surtax county subject to sales tax, but not subject to discretionary sales surtax. Do **NOT** include exempt sales reported in Line A, Column 2.

Line 15(c). Amounts Subject to Surtax at a Rate Different Than Your County Surtax Rate

On Line 15(c) you must report the total amount of taxable sales and purchases for which discretionary sales surtax is due at a rate different than the rate of the county in which you are located. Enter the taxable amounts from Line A, Column 3, and Line B, Column 3, for which discretionary sales surtax is due at a rate different than the county in which you are located.

Example: A business located in a county with a 1% discretionary sales surtax rate sells a single taxable item for \$3,000 and delivers the merchandise into a county with a 1.5% discretionary sales surtax rate. The discretionary sales surtax is to be collected at 1.5%. The business will report the \$3,000 on Line 15(c), since this is the taxable amount that was subject to a different county discretionary sales surtax rate. The business will report the surtax collected at 1.5% on Line 15(d).

Line 15(d). Total Amount of Discretionary Sales Surtax Due

Enter the total amount of discretionary sales surtax due on Line 15(d). **Do not include state sales tax in this amount.**

Line 16. Hope Scholarship Credits

Enter the total Hope Scholarship Credits on Line 16 and include the total amount of credits in the amount entered on Line 6. For more information on the Hope Scholarship Program, visit floridarevenue.com/taxes/sfo.

Line 17. Taxable Sales/Untaxed Purchases or Uses of Electricity (6.95% Plus County Surtax Rate)

Enter the taxable amount of sales and untaxed purchases or uses of electricity subject to the 6.95% tax rate (2.6% imposed under Chapter 203, F.S., and 4.35% imposed under Chapter 212, F.S.), plus surtax. The sale or use of electricity is subject to discretionary sales surtax at the rate imposed by the county where the consumer of the electricity is located.

Line 18. Taxable Sales/Untaxed Purchases of Dyed Diesel Fuel

Enter the total amount of taxable sales and untaxed purchases of dyed diesel fuel used in vessels or off-road equipment. If the sale or purchase of dyed diesel fuel occurred in a county that imposes discretionary sales surtax, sales tax plus the applicable discretionary sales surtax is due.

Line 19. Taxable Sales from Amusement Machines

Enter the amount of taxable sales from amusement machines.

Line 20. Rural or Urban High Crime Area Job Tax Credits

Enter the amount of rural or urban high crime area job tax credits for which you have received a letter of approval from the Department on Line 20 and on Line 8. Follow the instructions sent to you from the Department.

Line 21. Other Authorized Credits

Enter only credits specifically authorized by the Department. Follow the instructions sent to you from the Department.

Signature(s)

Sign and date your return. For corporations, an authorized corporate officer must sign. If someone else prepared the return, the preparer must also sign and date the return. Please provide the telephone number of each person signing the return.

Contact Us

Information, forms, and tutorials are available on the Department's website at floridarevenue.com.

If you have questions, need assistance, or need to replace a lost or damaged return or coupon book, call Taxpayer Services at 850-488-6800, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

For written replies to tax questions, write to:

Taxpayer Services - MS 3-2000
Florida Department of Revenue
5050 W Tennessee St
Tallahassee FL 32399-0112

To find a **taxpayer service center** near you, visit floridarevenue.com/taxes/servicecenters.

Subscribe to Receive Updates by Email from the Department. Subscribe to receive an email for due date reminders, Tax Information Publications, or proposed rules. Subscribe today at floridarevenue.com/dor/subscribe.

Educational Tax Webinars

Visit the Department's Taxpayer Education webpage for additional information and available webinars at floridarevenue.com/taxes/education.

References

The following documents were mentioned in this form and are incorporated by reference in the rules indicated below. The forms are available online at floridarevenue.com/forms.

Form DR-15	Sales and Use Tax Return Rule 12A-1.097, F.A.C.
Form DR-26S	Application for Refund – Sales and Use Tax Rule 12-26.008, F.A.C.