Notice of Emergency Rule

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE
Sales and Use Tax
RULE NO.: RULE TITLE:
12AER20-9 Department of Revenue Electronic Database

SPECIFIC REASONS FOR FINDING AN IMMEDIATE DANGER TO THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY OR WELFARE: Section 32 of Chapter 2020-10, Laws of Florida, authorizes the Department of Revenue to promulgate emergency rules to implement the provisions of newly created Section 212.181, F.S., expanding the current Address/Jurisdiction Database established by s. 202.22(2), F.S., to allow authorized county personnel to submit changes to the county assignment of business addresses. These submitted situs changes are for purposes of sales and use tax, discretionary sales surtax, and any tourist development tax required to be remitted to the Department of Revenue. The law provides that conditions necessary for an emergency rule have been met. The promulgation of this emergency rule ensures that the public is notified in the most expedient and appropriate manner.

REASON FOR CONCLUDING THAT THE PROCEDURE IS FAIR UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES: The Legislature expressly authorized the promulgation of emergency rules to implement the provisions of Section 21 of Chapter 2020-10, Laws of Florida. Additionally, these emergency rules are the most expedient and appropriate means of notifying taxpayers of the provisions of Section 21 of Chapter 2020-10, Laws of Florida.

SUMMARY: Emergency Rule 12AER20-9 details how and when authorized county personnel may provide address information to the Department of Revenue for updates to the Address/Jurisdiction Database. The text of the emergency rule also includes procedures for notifying the Department of address updates; submission due dates; examples of competent evidence required to support a change to the database; how the Department will resolve disputes or objections to county assignments; and updates required for addresses within a subcounty area where a tourist development tax is imposed and remitted to the Department of Revenue. This emergency rule incorporates one new form (Form DR-700023, Notification of No Change to the Address/Jurisdiction Database for Sales and Use Tax) which will allow counties the ability to indicate no changes are needed for the database.

THE PERSON TO BE CONTACTED REGARDING THE EMERGENCY RULE IS: Danielle Boudreaux, Technical Assistance and Dispute Resolution, Department of Revenue, P.O. Box 7443, Tallahassee, Florida 32314-7443, telephone (850)717-7082, email RuleComments@floridarevenue.com.

THE FULL TEXT OF THE EMERGENCY RULE IS:

12AER20-9 Department of Revenue Electronic Database

(1) Florida’s Address/Jurisdiction Database.

(a) The Department maintains an electronic database that assigns addresses to counties in a format that satisfies the requirements of Section 212.181, F.S. The electronic database, referred to as Florida’s Address/Jurisdiction Database, is maintained on the Department’s website at https://floridarevenue.com/taxes/pointmatch.

1. For each certificate of registration issued by the Department, the place of business will be assigned to a county based on the location address provided by the business at the time of registration or when the Department is notified of a change in a business location address.

2. Submissions made by counties that impose a tourist development tax in a subcounty special district, which is then remitted to the Department, must identify the subcounty special district addresses to which the tourist development tax applies.

(b) An updated Address/Jurisdiction Database is posted to the Department’s website 90 days prior to adoption of the Address/Jurisdiction Database. The updated Address/Jurisdiction Database is adopted and becomes effective every January 1 or July 1. References to the effective Address/Jurisdiction Database refer to the official database that is available on the website, which was adopted the previous January 1 or July 1. The effective Address/Jurisdiction Database is available for downloading and does not include the information contained in the pending files described in subparagraph (1)(b).1.

1. When a change to the Address/Jurisdiction Database has been approved, the approved pending address additions and approved pending address deletions are stored in separate files until they are included in the next
scheduled update of the database. These pending files include all changes since the most recent update, including changes to jurisdictional boundaries.

2. The single address lookup feature permits any person to enter an address to identify the county to which it is assigned. The individual address lookup feature in the electronic database searches within the current database, as well as the pending files, and may reflect information not yet incorporated into the database available for download. In such cases, the individual address lookup page displays a statement indicating the page reflects a pending change to the database.

3. The availability and effective dates of the updated Address/Jurisdiction Database are published in the Florida Administrative Register. The updated Address/Jurisdiction Database incorporates the corrections of any errors discovered since the previous update, as well as changes in addresses or county assignments based on information provided by counties. Each update of the Address/Jurisdiction Database is posted on the Department’s website at least 90 days prior to publication and is also available for download. Requests for electronic or magnetic media copies should be addressed to: Florida Department of Revenue, Local Government Unit, Post Office Box 5885, Tallahassee, Florida 32314-5885.

(c) To fulfill its statutory responsibility to maintain the database, when the Department notices apparent errors, the Department will initiate an objection to the database in accordance with the provisions of subsection (4) and will process the objection in the same manner in which other objections are processed.

(2) Updating Florida’s Address/Jurisdiction Database.

(a) Counties contribute to maintaining the Address/Jurisdiction Database by providing the Department with updated information, such as changes in addresses or address ranges along with the county assignment and any other changes, using Form DR-700022, Notification of Changes to the Address/Jurisdiction Database (incorporated by reference in Rule 12AER20-11, F.A.C.). Counties must provide to the Department the names of the county officers or employees authorized to act as contact persons regarding database matters. Counties may provide updated contact information as frequently as necessary to ensure that the appropriate contact person can be reached regarding database matters.

(b) Counties may submit a change request to the Address/Jurisdiction Database electronically, using instructions in Form DR-700002, User’s Guide for the Address/Jurisdiction Database (incorporated by reference in Rule 12AER20-10, F.A.C.), available at pointmatch.floridarevenue.com. Any requested changes or additions to the Address/Jurisdiction Database must be supported by competent evidence as outlined in subsection (3).

(c) If a county does not have address updates, the county may indicate no changes by submitting Form DR-700023, Notification of No Change to the Address/Jurisdiction Database for Sales and Use Tax (hereby incorporated by reference).

(d)1. The county must specify the effective date, either January 1 or July 1, of any information to be incorporated in the Address/Jurisdiction Database. For a January 1 effective date, changes must be submitted no later than September 3, and for a July 1 effective date, changes must be submitted no later than March 3.

2. Counties may not submit changes between September 4 to October 3 and March 4 to April 2. The Department completes its review of pending submissions for the next database update during these periods and is unable to process new submissions. Submissions of new information during these time periods will be denied and must be submitted after the review period.

3. The Department will review the information provided in the requests for change and store the approved changes in the approved pending files.

(3) Competent Evidence.

(a) Competent evidence to support a change to the Address/Jurisdiction Database is documentation establishing that the addresses affected by the requested change or addition are located in the county indicated. Examples of competent evidence include articles of incorporation of a new municipality, the plat filed for a newly approved subdivision, or the enhanced 911 Master Street Address Guide (MSAG) database information relating to local law enforcement responders. Competent evidence must clearly identify the affected addresses or address ranges.

(b) If a requested change is to move an address from one county or jurisdiction to another county or jurisdiction, competent evidence includes the consent of the county or jurisdiction that did not request the change.

1. To facilitate processing the change, the county requesting the change should attempt to obtain written consent from an authorized contact person of the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction. Form DR-700022 contains an
authorization statement that will serve as the written consent of the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction when signed by that county’s or jurisdiction’s authorized contact person. The Department will consider the receipt of Form DR-700022, containing the signatures of both authorized contact persons of the requesting and nonrequesting county or jurisdiction, to be sufficient competent evidence. In such instances, the Department will make the change based upon the submitted form.

2. If the requesting county or jurisdiction has not obtained the written consent of the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction, the Department will contact the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction before making the change. Based upon the response of the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction, the Department will take one of the following actions in regard to the requested change:
   a. If the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction provides written consent to the Department, then the Department will process the change.
   b. If the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction objects in writing, the Department will treat the requested change as one that must be resolved by the counties and jurisdictions involved as provided in paragraph (4)(d).
   c. If the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction fails to either consent or object in writing within 20 days after the date on which the Department notified that county or jurisdiction of the requested change, the Department will accept and process the change. This will not prevent the nonrequesting county or jurisdiction from subsequently submitting requests to change the new address assignments after they have been processed.

3. A county or jurisdiction that objects to proposed changes should use Form DR-700022 to change the address information and, unless the affected county or jurisdiction signs the form, the Department will treat the request as one that must be resolved by the counties involved as provided in paragraph (4)(d).

(c) If a requested change affects only the requesting county and does not affect another county or jurisdiction, the Department will consider receipt of an affidavit signed by the authorized contact person, identifying the addresses or address ranges and stating that the change affects only the requesting county, to be sufficient competent evidence. The use of an affidavit is not required but, at the option of the requesting county or jurisdiction, may be used instead of providing other documentation. In such instances, the Department will make the change based upon the representations on the form and the affidavit.

(d) Example. A county approves the plat and grants the permits necessary for development of a new outdoor mall on February 1, 2021. The plat indicates street names, but address numbers have not yet been assigned. In order for the addresses to be added to the electronic database effective the following July 1, the county must file Form DR-700022 with a copy of the approved outdoor mall plat or an affidavit indicating that the change affects only the requesting county and submit online address change information by March 3, 2021. If that deadline is not met, the earliest date on which the new service addresses can be added to the database is January 1, 2022. In order to meet the deadline and be certain that the actual address numbers are included, the contact person for the county may request the addition of a range of numbers that is certain to include the actual numbers. Because the development of the outdoor mall affects only the requesting county, no consent from any other county is required.

(4) Objection to Address Assignment in Florida’s Address/Jurisdiction Database.

(a) Any substantially affected party may object to information contained in the Address/Jurisdiction Database by submitting Form DR-700025, Objection to Address Assignment in the Address/Jurisdiction Database (incorporated by reference in Rule 12AER20-11, F.A.C.), along with competent evidence to support the party’s objection. Examples of substantially affected parties include individuals who purchase taxable items and pay local discretionary sales surtax, dealers who are required to collect sales tax and surtax, dealers who are required to collect tourist development taxes, and the Department of Revenue.

1. Only objections to the effective Address/Jurisdiction Database will be considered; objections to the pending Address/Jurisdiction Database will be denied.

2. Before submitting an objection, a person should check the effective Address/Jurisdiction Database to determine whether the contemplated objection is necessary.

(b) Examples of competent evidence are stated in paragraph (3)(a). The Department will notify the substantially affected party of any deficiencies in the objection or competent evidence.

(c) When the Department believes that addresses or address ranges have been assigned to an incorrect county or jurisdiction, the Department will initiate the change by using Form DR-700025. The Department will use any information at its disposal, including enhanced 911 MSAG database address information and information supplied
by any dealer, as a basis for initiating an objection; however, in no event will the Department change any address assignment without providing notice to the affected counties and jurisdictions in the manner provided in paragraph (3)(b). If the change is approved, it will be included in the pending files with other approved changes for inclusion in the next update of the database.

(d) Upon receipt of a completed Form DR-700025, including competent evidence to support the objection, the Department will forward copies of the form, along with the associated documentation, to the database contact person in each affected county or jurisdiction.

1. The Department will provide Form DR-700026, Local Government Authorization for Address Changes Described on Form DR-700025 (incorporated by reference in Rule 12A-19.100, F.A.C.), so the affected counties or jurisdictions may agree, disagree, or partially agree with the address county changes proposed by the completed Form DR-700025.

2. The Department will provide Form DR-700027, Local Government Authorization for Omission of Address or Range or Incorrect Address Identification (incorporated by reference in Rule 12A-19.100, F.A.C.), so the affected counties or jurisdictions may agree or disagree with the inclusion of an address or address range or with changing nonjurisdictional information about an address or address range proposed by the completed Form DR-700025.

3. In case the forms become separated, the Department will include on the bottom portion of each form the same tracking number and date to identify which forms belong together. The Department will, when practicable, provide the information electronically for review by the counties or jurisdictions. These forms will not be sent to the counties or jurisdictions between February 1 and April 2 or between August 4 and October 3 due to the inability of counties or jurisdictions to make online changes during the updating and posting of the next effective Address/Jurisdiction Database.

4. The counties or jurisdictions should review the specific address(es) at issue as well as the address range(s) that will be impacted by the change to ensure that each county or jurisdiction retains all of the addresses it believes are within its county or jurisdictional boundaries.

5. The Department will instruct each county or jurisdiction to indicate, in writing, its determination in regard to the objection by completing the provided authorization form (either Form DR-700026 or Form DR-700027) and filing the form with the Department. If the affected counties or jurisdictions both indicate agreement with the objection, the Department will revise the electronic database accordingly.

6. If a county or jurisdiction fails to respond within a reasonable time, which shall be no less than 30 days, such county or jurisdiction shall be deemed to have indicated agreement with the objection. If either the affected county or jurisdiction notifies the Department in writing that it does not agree with the objection, the Department will not change the address in the database.

7. The address will be reassigned to a county or jurisdiction when one of the following events occurs:
   a. The Department receives written notification from the county or jurisdiction that did not agree with the change requested in the objection that such county or jurisdiction has subsequently determined that the change should be made.
   b. The Department receives written notification from the party that filed the Form DR-700025 that the objection was erroneous and the assignment in the database was correct.
   c. The Department is provided with a copy of a final order, judgment, or other binding written determination resolving the county or jurisdictional assignment of the contested address.


THIS RULE TAKES EFFECT UPON BEING FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE UNLESS A LATER TIME AND DATE IS SPECIFIED IN THE RULE.

EFFECTIVE DATE: 8/21/2020