Florida’s Discretionary Sales Surtax

How it applies to transactions subject to sales and use tax, including sales of motor vehicles, mobile homes, aircraft, and boats.

What is Discretionary Sales Surtax?
Discretionary sales surtax, also called a county tax, is imposed by most Florida counties and applies to most transactions subject to sales tax. The selling dealer must collect the surtax in addition to Florida’s general sales tax of 6 percent. The discretionary sales surtax is based on the rate in the county where you deliver taxable goods or services. A few counties do not impose the surtax.

The Department of Revenue distributes the discretionary sales surtax collected back to the counties that levy the surtax. Counties use these funds to help pay for local authorized projects.

Who Collects the Surtax?
Registered sales tax dealers, including out-of-state dealers, who sell and deliver taxable goods or services within a county with a discretionary sales surtax must collect the tax from their customers and pay the surtax to the Department. This applies to all selling dealers who make sales or deliveries into a taxing county, no matter where the selling dealer is located.

Selling dealers do not collect surtax when the sale or delivery of taxable goods or services is in or into a county that does not impose a surtax.

When is a Transaction Subject to Surtax?
You must collect discretionary sales surtax when the transaction occurs in, or delivery is into, a county that imposes a surtax and the sale is subject to sales and use tax. Use the chart below to help you determine when to collect discretionary sales surtax.

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>When and at What Rate to Collect Discretionary Sales Surtax (Local Option County Tax) on Taxable Sales</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>If a selling dealer located in any Florida county with a discretionary surtax sells &amp; delivers into the county where the selling dealer is located, surtax is collected at the county rate where the delivery is made.</td>
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<tr>
<td>If a selling dealer located in any Florida county with or without a discretionary surtax sells &amp; delivers into counties with different discretionary surtax rates, surtax is collected at the county rate where the delivery is made.</td>
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How Do I Determine When a Transaction Occurs in a County Imposing a Surtax?

Discretionary sales surtax applies to transactions when:

- The selling dealer delivers taxable goods or taxable services in or into a county with a surtax.
- The event for which an admission is charged is located in a county with a surtax. (Surtax is due at the rate in the county where the event takes place.)
- The consumer of electricity is located in a county with a surtax.
- The sale of prepaid calling arrangements occurs in a county with a surtax.
- The location or delivery of tangible personal property covered by a service warranty is within a surtax county. The person receiving consideration for the issuance of a service warranty from the agreement holder must collect surtax at the rate imposed by that county.
- The commercial real property that is leased or rented, or upon which a license for use is granted, is in a county with a surtax.
- The rental of living or sleeping accommodations (transient rentals) occurs in a county with a surtax.
- A registered dealer owing use tax on purchases or leases is in a county with a surtax.

What Are the Discretionary Sales Surtax Rates?
The discretionary sales surtax rate depends on the county. Rates currently range from 0.5 percent to 1.5 percent. A few counties do not impose the surtax. Form DR-15DSS provides a list of Florida counties and their surtax rates. This document is available in the “Forms and Publications” section of the Department’s website at www.floridarevenue.com.

Discretionary sales surtax rates can change. New rates become effective January 1st of each year; although expiration dates vary, most surtax rates expire on December 31st. Check the surtax rates and expiration dates listed on Form DR-15DSS to ensure you are using the correct rates.

Is There a Limit on the Amount of Tax Charged?
In many cases there is a limit to the amount of tax charged. Discretionary sales surtax applies to the first $5,000 of the sales amount on the sale, use, lease, rental, or license to use any item of tangible personal property. Tangible personal property is personal property that you can see, weigh, measure, or touch or is in any manner perceptible to the senses, including electric power or energy.

Example: $7,000 dining room set delivered into a county with a 1% discretionary sales surtax

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\begin{align*}
\text{\$7,000} \times 6\% &= \text{\$420} \\
\text{\$5,000} \times 1\% &= \text{\$50} \\
\text{Total Tax Due} &= \text{\$470}
\end{align*}
\]

When a dealer sells multiple items of tangible personal property to the same purchaser at the same time, the $5,000 limit applies when the sale or purchase is a single sale that meets at least one of these conditions:

- The sale consists of multiple quantities of a single item that the dealer normally sells in multiple quantities in the course of business or that the purchaser normally buys in the course of business.
The items normally sell as a set or a unit and the use of each item depends on the set being complete. You may not combine items that are not normally sold as a set or unit to qualify for the $5,000 limit.

The items normally sell in a single sale for the purchaser to use in its normal business practice as an integrated unit.

The items are component parts that have no use unless assembled with each other to form a working unit or part of a working unit.

The $5,000 limit does not apply to the following types of transactions. Discretionary sales surtax is due on the full amount.

- Sales of admissions.
- Sales and uses of services.
- Sales of service warranties.
- Charges for prepaid calling arrangements.
- Leases, rentals, and licenses to use real property or transient accommodations.
- Leases or rentals of parking or storage space for motor vehicles in parking lots or garages.
- Docking or storage space in boat docks and marinas.
- Tie-down or storage space for aircraft.

**How Does the Surtax Apply to Motor Vehicles, Mobile Homes, Aircraft, and Boats?** The discretionary sales surtax applies only to the first $5,000 of the total sales price of any motor vehicle, mobile home, aircraft, or boat. The surtax applies as follows:

- **Motor vehicles and mobile homes** – The dealer must collect surtax when the residence address of the purchaser on the title or registration is located within a surtax county.
- **Aircraft and boats** – The dealer must collect surtax when delivery of the aircraft or boat is to a location within a surtax county.

**When is Surtax Due?**
Selling dealers report discretionary sales surtax with the sales and use tax on the Sales and Use Tax Return (Form DR-15 or DR-15EZ). Returns and payments are due on the first day of the month and late after the 20th of the month following each reporting period, whether you are filing monthly, quarterly, twice a year, or yearly. If the 20th falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or state or federal holiday, returns and payments will be timely if they are postmarked on the first business day after the 20th. **Florida law requires you to file a tax return even if you do not owe sales and use tax.**

**Electronic Filing and Payment**
We offer the use of our free and secure website to file and pay sales tax. You also have the option of buying software from a software vendor. For more information on electronic filing and payment options, visit our website.

You may voluntarily file and pay taxes electronically; however, if you pay $20,000 or more in sales and use tax between July 1 and June 30 (the state fiscal year), you must use electronic funds transfer (EFT) for the next calendar year to pay your taxes.

If you make tax payments using electronic funds transfer (EFT), you must initiate electronic payments no later than 5:00 p.m., ET, on the business day before the 20th.
Penalty and Interest

Penalty - If you file your return or pay tax late, a late penalty of 10 percent of the amount of tax owed, but not less than $50, may be charged. The $50 minimum penalty applies even if no tax is due. Penalty will also be charged if your return is incomplete.

Interest - A floating rate of interest applies to underpayments and late payments of tax. Current and prior period interest rates are posted on our website.

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Reference Material

Tax Laws – Our online Revenue Law Library contains statutes, rules, legislative changes, opinions, court cases, and publications. Search the library for Rule Chapter 12A-15, Florida Administrative Code, Discretionary Sales Surtax.

Brochures – Industry-specific brochures are available on our website.

Information, forms and tutorials are available on our website: www.floridarevenue.com

To speak with a Department representative, call Taxpayer Services at 800-352-3671, Monday through Friday, excluding holidays.

To find a taxpayer service center near you, go to:

www.floridarevenue.com.taxes/Pages/servicecenters.aspx

For written replies to tax questions, write to:
Taxpayer Services – MS 3-2000
Florida Department of Revenue
5050 W Tennessee St
Tallahassee FL 32399-0112

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