



## Instructions for Filing Petroleum Carrier Information Return

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R. 01/15

TC

Rule 12B-5.150  
Florida Administrative Code  
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For Calendar Year **2017**

### General Information

**Who Must File?** All common, contract, and private carriers who transport petroleum products by truck, rail, pipeline, barge, ship, or other conveyance are required to complete and file this return each month.

This provides the state with a complete record of all petroleum and biofuel products moved by truck, rail, pipeline, barge, ship, or other conveyance. Do not use this return to report tax due. It provides the state with an independent source of information used to verify reported transactions.

Each transport of petroleum product having an origination or destination point in Florida is on Schedule 14. The information listed on this schedule will be used by the Department to verify the receipts and disbursements of fuel products reported on the following returns:

- Terminal Supplier Fuel Tax Return
- Terminal Operator Information Return
- Wholesaler/Importer Fuel Tax Return
- Exporter Fuel Tax Return
- Blender Fuel Tax Return
- Mass Transit System Provider Fuel Tax Return
- Local Government User of Diesel Fuel Tax Return

The data collected on Schedule 14 is summarized and used to complete the return.

**Electronic Filing:** Petroleum Carriers are required to file electronically. Florida law imposes a monthly penalty of \$5,000 for failing to file electronically. Enroll to file electronically using our website at [www.floridarevenue.com](http://www.floridarevenue.com).

**Return Due Date:** Your return and schedules are due to the Department on the 1st day of the month following the collection period. Your electronic return will be considered late if it is not received by the Department or its agent on or before the 20th day of each month. If the 20th day is a Saturday, Sunday, or state or federal holiday, returns will be accepted as timely if you initiate your filing on the next business day. You must file your return using the Department's motor fuel tax web application.

**Penalty:** If you do not file a complete return, including all schedules, a \$200 penalty will be assessed.

**Supplemental Returns:** If you must correct a previously filed fuel tax return or supporting schedule information, please contact Return Reconciliation at 800-352-3671 to obtain specific supplemental return instructions and blank forms.

**Note:** A supplemental return is any data reported to the Florida Department of Revenue that adjusts or corrects an original return. The values listed within a supplemental return must reflect the difference between the original and any previously filed supplemental return(s) and the corrected return. Corrections to understated gallons or additional transactions not included on the original return must be reported as positive values. Erroneously reported gallons or overstated transactions included on the original return must be reported as negative values.

### Reporting of Kerosene, Biodiesel, and Ethanol Product Types

**Undyed Kerosene** – Undyed kerosene is taxable at the aviation fuel tax rate at the time it is removed from the terminal rack. Report all grades of undyed kerosene (except jet fuel) as **Product Type 142**. Include totals from the receipts and disbursements schedules on your tax return in Column D with jet fuel and aviation gasoline.

**Dyed Kerosene** – Kerosene dyed to the specifications of section (s.) 206.8741, Florida Statutes (F.S.), is exempt from aviation fuel tax. Report dyed kerosene as **Product Type 072**. Include totals from the receipts and disbursements schedules for **Product Type 072** on the tax return in Column C with dyed diesel products and dyed biodiesel.

**Biodiesel (B100)** – Except for local governments who produce biodiesel for self-consumption, biodiesel manufacturers must be licensed and file returns as wholesalers. Any person importing untaxed biodiesel must be licensed as an importer. Licensed terminal suppliers meet the licensing requirements to manufacture or import biodiesel, and report their biodiesel imports or production on the terminal supplier return. Biodiesel is defined as diesel and products labeled or marketed as biodiesel, including products known as "B100," that have not been blended with petroleum diesel. These products are taxable at the diesel fuel rate when produced in or imported into Florida in the same manner as petroleum diesel. Report unblended biodiesel as **Product Type B00**, and include it on your tax return in Column B with undyed petroleum diesel.

**Dyed Biodiesel (B100)** – Biodiesel dyed to the specifications of s. 206.8741, F.S., is exempt from diesel fuel tax. Report dyed biodiesel as **Product Type D00**. Include totals from the receipts and disbursements schedules on your tax return in Column C, with the totals of dyed petroleum diesel products and dyed kerosene.

**Biodiesel Blends (167)** – A biodiesel blend is defined as undyed biodiesel blended with petroleum diesel (i.e., B05). Report all biodiesel blends as undyed diesel fuel (**Product Type 167**), and include them on your tax return in Column B with pure undyed petroleum diesel and pure undyed biodiesel.

**Dyed Biodiesel Blends (227)** – A dyed biodiesel blend is defined as dyed biodiesel blended with dyed petroleum diesel (i.e., D05). Dyed biodiesel blends must be dyed to the specifications of s. 206.8741, F.S., to be exempt from diesel fuel tax. Report dyed biodiesel blends as **Product Type 227**. Include totals from the receipts and disbursements schedules on your tax return in Column C, with the totals of dyed petroleum and dyed kerosene products.

**Ethanol Blends** – Ethanol blends are taxable products resulting from a blend of gasoline and ethanol to create a fuel grade ethanol. Fuel grade ethanol is defined as ethanol blended with at least 1.97 percent gasoline by volume to render the product unsuitable for human consumption.

**Note:** Report denatured ethanol as **Product Type E00** on the tax return in Column A with gasoline and gasohol.

**Gasohol (124)** – “Gasohol” means a mixture of gasoline blended with ethanol and includes what is commonly known and sold as ethanol blended fuel, which contains not more than ninety-one percent (91%) gasoline by volume, and the ethanol content must not be less than nine percent (9%) by volume. Report gasohol as **Product Type 124**, and include it on your tax return in Column A with gasoline.

## Schedule 14 Instructions

Schedule 14 provides detail of each delivery of fuel product transported on behalf of other companies or where the carrier is the owner of the fuel transported. Before entering the information requested in Columns 1 through 13, you should organize your records as follows:

1. Schedule 14A – Gallons Loaded at a Florida Terminal or Bulk Plant and Delivered to Another State
2. Schedule 14B – Gallons Loaded at an Out-of-State Facility or Bulk Plant and Delivered in Florida
3. Schedule 14C – Gallons Loaded at a Florida Terminal or Bulk Plant and Delivered in Florida

You must file a separate schedule for each product and terminal code/origin where fuel is loaded. Enter the schedule type, product type, and the terminal code/origin in the header portion of each schedule. There are three options for point of origin:

**Option 1.** When the origin is a terminal (either inside or outside Florida), use the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) terminal code to identify the point of origin.

**Option 2.** When the origin is a non-terminal (bulk storage) location within Florida, use the Florida Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) facility number to identify the point of origin. If the origin is a location in Florida, but is neither a terminal nor a facility required to be registered with the DEP (such as a railroad car, barge, or other portable storage tank), use the standard state abbreviation, “FL.”

**Option 3.** When the origin is a non-terminal (bulk storage) location outside Florida, use the standard state abbreviation to identify the point of origin if the point of origin is within the U.S. or a U.S. protectorate; all other non-U.S. points use “ZZ.”

## Column Instructions

### Columns (1) and (2): Person Hiring the Carrier

**(Consignor)** – Enter the name and FEIN of the company that hired the carrier.

**Columns (3) and (4): Seller (If known)** – Enter the name and FEIN of the company from whom you received the fuel at the terminal or other point of origin.

**Column (5): Mode of Transport** – Enter one of the following:

B = Barge

PL = Pipeline

J = Truck

R = Rail

S = Ship (Great Lakes or ocean marine vessel)

(If reporting by summary or roll-up totals, see instructions below.)

**Column (6):** Do not enter a value (origin) in Column 6. Instead, enter the Terminal Code/Origin in the header of the schedule.

**Column (7), (8), (9): Delivered to (Consignee)** – Enter the name, address, and FEIN of the final delivery point. There are three options for reporting the delivery address in Column 8.

**Option 1.** When the destination is a terminal (either inside or outside Florida), use the IRS Terminal Code to identify the point of destination.

**Option 2.** When the destination is a non-terminal (bulk storage) location within Florida, use the DEP facility number to identify the point of destination. If the destination is a location in Florida, but is neither a terminal nor a facility required to be registered with the DEP (such as a portable storage tank), use the standard state abbreviation, “FL.”

**Option 3.** When the destination is a non-terminal (bulk storage) location outside of Florida, use the standard state abbreviation to identify the point of destination if the point of destination is within the U.S. or a U.S. protectorate; all other non-U.S. points use “ZZ.”

**Column (10): Date Delivered** – Enter the delivery date of the fuel product (MMDDYY).

**Column (11): Document Number** –

- Enter the identifying number from the manifest issued at the terminal if the product was removed over the rack. If a manifest was not issued by the terminal, use the identifying number from the manifest issued by the seller.
- Enter the pipeline ticket number if the product was moved by pipeline.
- Enter the voyage number if the product was moved by ship or barge.
- Enter the invoice number if the product was not shipped from one location to another but placed directly into a supply tank of a motor vehicle or mobile tank.

**Note:** If reporting by summary or roll-up totals you must enter the word "SUM" in this column. See Instructions below.

**Column (12):** Not required in Florida for reporting purposes.

**Column (13):** Net Gallons – Enter the net whole gallons delivered.

You are required to report each delivery transaction when completing schedules for reporting petroleum products transported for others.

Follow the guidelines below when completing Schedules 14B and 14C for reporting petroleum products transported on your own behalf.

- **Sales to farmers** - A carrier who makes deliveries of undyed diesel or biodiesel to farmers who have multiple tank locations in the same county, all of which are required to be registered with the DEP, may select one of the farmer's DEP facility numbers in each county and report all deliveries in that county under that one DEP facility number. If you choose to summarize multiple transactions under one DEP number, you must write to the Department of Revenue, Compliance Campaign, P.O. Box 6417, Tallahassee FL 32399-6417, telling us that you will report in this manner. Include a list of the farmer's DEP facility numbers from the county that will be rolled-up under one DEP facility number.
- **Non-Registered Facilities** - You may report single monthly totals by customer and product type if you deliver fuel to a storage or supply tank that is not required to be registered with the Florida Department of Environmental Protection. Enter BA in Column 5, the last day of the month in Column 10, sum in Column 11, and the total net gallons in Column 13. Enter 999999991 for all other fields.

**Note:** You must keep the detail of all roll-up summaries for 5 years and make it available to the Department on request.

When you have completed all supporting schedules of delivery transactions, the individual schedule types must be summarized by product and the total entered on Page 4 of the return. Gasoline, gasohol, and denatured ethanol are summarized as gasoline (Column A); undyed diesel and undyed biodiesel, as undyed diesel (Column B); dyed diesel, dyed biodiesel, dyed kerosene as dyed diesel (Column C); and aviation gasoline, jet fuel, and undyed kerosene as aviation fuel (Column D).

## Table of Product Types

The following table lists the reportable product types and the appropriate columns on the return.

Column A	Column B
065 – gasoline	167 – undyed diesel
124 – gasohol	B00 – undyed biodiesel (B100)
E00 – denatured ethanol	224 – Compressed Natural Gas/Propane
Column C	Column D
226 – high sulfur dyed diesel	125 – aviation gasoline
227 – low sulfur dyed diesel	130 – jet fuel
D00 – dyed biodiesel (B100)	142 – undyed kerosene
072 – dyed kerosene	

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